



SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Food security and energy self-sufficiency



The project aims at connecting the experiences of the NGOs involved in the two countries, easing the exchange of know-how and best practices on agriculture and energy, through a strategy of triangle cooperation



COUNTRY
Mozambique



BENEFICIARIES
11.740



METHOD
Humanitarian aid

LOCAL PARTNERS	Associação Prodes Earth Market Association Pala Wassokoti Association
INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS	
FUNDING AGENCIES	Lombardia Region Municipality of Milan Fondazione Cariplo European Union Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation
STARTING DATE	November 2014
IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD	20 months
DESCRIPTION	The project aims at connecting the experiences of the NGOs involved in the two countries, easing the exchange of know-how and best practices on agriculture and energy. Keeping this in mind, we created a strategy of triangle cooperation and interchange in order to identify the success experiences in both areas of intervention and to repeat them, adapting them to different contexts.
OBJECTIVES	The main goal is to promote sustainable development and food security for the populations of Mozambique and Brazil, by strengthening the supply chain of family agriculture in the urban suburbs, in accordance with Expo 2015's theme. The specific goal is to improve living conditions and income opportunities of farmers in the urban suburbs of Maputo, Mozambique, and in the Piranga Valley, Brazil, through a path of triangle cooperation and interchange among countries of the South on sustainable agriculture and on energy self-sufficiency in the agricultural field.
ACTIVITIES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoting Regenerative Organic Agriculture in the Piranga Valley, Brazil • Improving energy self-sufficiency of the farmers in the Piranga Valley and in the Maputo province • Improving market access for farmers living in the urban suburbs of Maputo and in the Piranga Valley • Raising awareness among the citizens of Maputo and Milan on food consumption and on sustainability of the agricultural productions